After partner opens and your RHO overcalls, there are hands that are difficult to bid, e.g. 1 - 1; you hold a 4-card \forall suit, lack support and 9 HCP. Bidding 2 promises a 5-card suit and 10+HCP. As this situation is much more common than a penalty double at the 1-level, a double here, termed a Negative Double¹ by convention, describes your hand. Situational Requirements:

- Partner opens one of a <u>suit</u>, RHO makes a <u>suit</u> overcall and Responder doubles
- □ The opponents overcall may be up to 4♥
- Lack support for Opener's major
- Promises the unbid major if RHO overcalled a major

Playing Negative Doubles provides a lot of information even when it is not used. After an overcall, absent a Negative Double by Responder, Opener assumes that Responder: (a) doesn't have a 4-card major; (b) lacks the points to make a Negative Double; or, (c) has made a forcing bid and will show a 4-card major on a subsequent round.

Required Strength

The minimum HCP values required for a Negative Double depend on the level which Opener is forced to respond when making the minimum response.

Opener Response	Minimum HCP	Forcing? ²	
1-level	6	1-round	
2-level	8	1-round	
3-level	10	1-round	
4-level	12+	See Note 2	

Opener Rebids

If Responder makes a Negative Double and the next hand passes, <u>you must make a</u> <u>rebid even with a minimum²</u>—if you pass, the doubled bid becomes the final contract.

Opener Rebid	Points	Forcing?	
Cheapest Level	12-15	No	
Jump	16-17	No	
Game or Cuebid	18+	N/A or Yes	

¹ You don't give up the penalty double, the sequence for a penalty double is reversed. More on this later.

² When the Overcaller is at the 2- or 3-level and you hold a strong, long holding in Overcaller's suit, you may choose to convert the Negative X to a penalty X by Passing. When Overcaller is at the 4-level, balanced hands generally Pass for penalty.

Common Negative Double Sequences:

1**♣** — 1**♦** — X:

Here the Negative Double shows <u>both</u> majors. If a fit is found, Responder passes with a minimum, invites with 10-12SP, bids game or, with significant extras, begins a slam investigation. The Negative Double give you a method to describe a hand with 5=4 in the majors but not enough values to bid twice; with 4=5 in the majors and a minimum (6-8HCP), bid one heart and pass Opener's rebid, unless it is forcing.

1**♣/♦** — 1**♥** — X:

Here the Negative Double typically shows <u>exactly</u> 4 spades versus a one spade bid which shows 5+ spades. Both these bids are a 1-round force with a minimum to an unlimited hand.

1**♣/♦** — 1♠:

The Negative Double convention allows you to describe various heart holding and strength. Less than 8 HCP with 6 hearts: X and then bid 2♥ which is not forcing; or, 10+HCP with a <u>5+card</u> heart suit, which is a 1-round force: bid 2♥; or, 8+HCP and a 4-<u>card</u> heart suit: make a Negative Double.

1**♥** — 1♠ — X:

Here the Negative Double shows 10+HE and <u>both minors</u>, typically 5-5.

Quiz 3

	Responses	Your Hand		Responses	Your Hand
1.	1♣ – 1♦ – – P 2♠ – P –	 ▲ AKJ7 ♥ A963 ♦ 42 ♥ T83 	2.	1 ♀ - 1♦ 2♦ 3 ♀ - P	 ▲ A92 ◆ AJ94 ◆ T9 ◆ JT54
3.	1♦ – 2 ♣ – P	 ↑ T8 ◆ AQ94 ◆ T542 ◆ J62 	4.	1 ♣ – 1 ♠ – P	 ♣ QT63 ♥ KQJT ♦ 82 ♣ JT9
5.	1♥-1♠-- P	 ♣ 8 ♥ J4 ♦ AJ732 ♣ KQT83 	6.	1♦–1♦ P	 ◆ 53 ◆ AQ9843 ◆ 876 ◆ 97

Your partner opens the bidding and RHO overcalls. Fill in your call.

You open the bidding and the bidding proceeds as shown. What is your rebid?

	Opener's Bids	Your Hand		Opener's Bids	Your Hand
1.	1 ♣ – 1♦ – X – P	 ♠ K7 ♥ AT6 ♦ QT2 ♠ KQT83 	2.	1 ♦ - 1 ♥ - X - 2 ♥	 ♠ KJ93 ♥ 96 ♦ AKJ42 ♠ K4
3.	1 ♣ — 1 ♠ — X — P 	 ♣ 3 ♥ T732 ♦ A32 ♣ AKJT4 	4.	$1 \blacklozenge - 1 \blacklozenge - X - P$ $2 \clubsuit - P - 2 \blacktriangledown - P$	 ♠ 65 ♥ Q6 ♦ KQJ82 ♣ AJT4
5.	1♥ – 2♦ – X – P	 ▲ A2 ◆ AKQ43 ◆ 76 ◆ AQ82 	6.	1♥ - 2♦ - X - P	 ↑ T5 ◆ AK843 ◆ AJT8 ◆ Q7